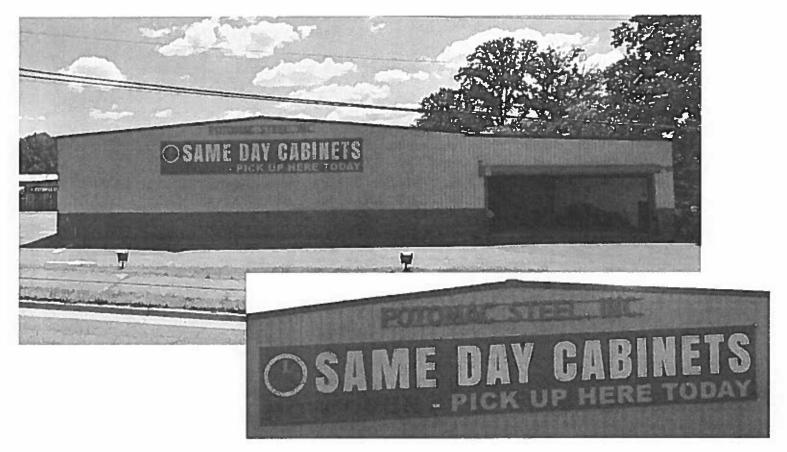


# Wooden Cabinets and Vanities from China

**Presentation of the Domestic Industry** 

March 27, 2019





#### Introduction

- There is a reasonable indication that imports of wooden cabinets and vanities from China are materially injuring, and threaten, the domestic industry
- Subject imports increased by 57 percent during the POI, reaching about 18 million cabinets and \$1.4 billion in 2018
- U.S. demand is strong and growing, but Chinese imports are taking market share at the direct expense of the domestic industry
- Chinese imports consistently undersell domestic products
- The domestic industry's financial performance has declined significantly



#### **AD and CVD Petitions**

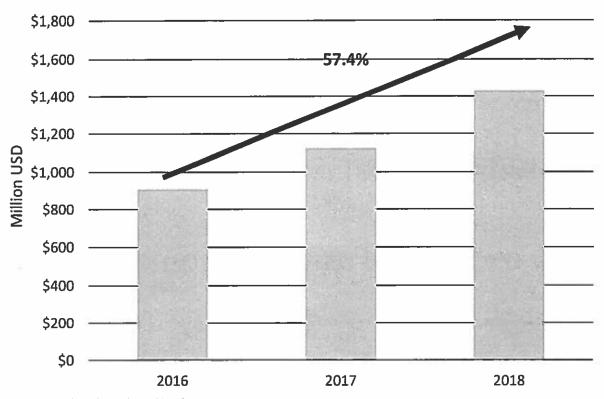
- Petitioners represent a substantial majority of the domestic industry
- The antidumping petition alleges dumping margins of more than 175 percent
- The countervailing duty petition identifies more than 35 subsidy programs that have benefitted the Chinese wooden cabinet and vanity industry

#### **Domestic Like Product**

- There is a single domestic like product co-extensive with the scope
- Cabinet/vanity components are dedicated for use in a full unit and have no other purpose
- Cabinets and vanities are a single like product



#### **Subject Imports are Significant and Growing**





# Chinese Imports Compete Directly with U.S. Product

- There is a single continuum of products in the cabinets/vanities market
  - Both Chinese and domestic producers make and sell the same product configurations
- Chinese imports consistently undersell the domestic product by 20 – 50% or more
- Chinese producers have taken substantial market share from the U.S. industry
  - The loss in the domestic industry's market share has cost it over **\$110 million** since 2016



#### **KBIS 2019**

 Chinese producers are targeting the US market







# The Domestic Industry's Financial Performance Has Declined

- Demand for wooden cabinets and vanities has increased by nearly 15% during the POI
- Despite strong demand, dumped and subsidized Chinese imports deprived the domestic industry of increased shipments
- The financial performance of the industry suffered
  - · Capacity utilization has fallen
  - Operating and net profits are all <u>down</u>
  - · U.S. producers have shuttered facilities, laid off employees, and gone bankrupt
- The harm has intensified in 2018



#### The Domestic Industry Is Materially Injured

- The ITC must make an affirmative preliminary determination if it finds that there is a reasonable indication that imports are a cause of material injury
- The questionnaire responses and record information show that there is a reasonable indication of material injury in this case:
  - Rising import volumes
  - Increased import market share
  - Underselling and lost sales
  - Declining financial performance for the domestic industry

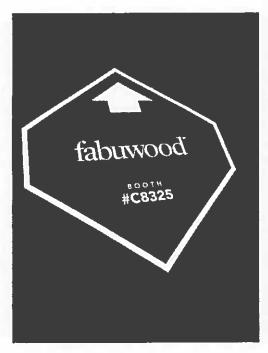


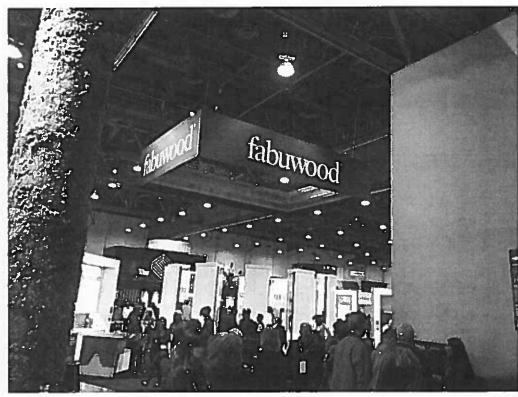
# Chinese Imports Threaten the Domestic Industry with Injury

- Declining profitability and loss of market share have rendered the domestic industry vulnerable
- The subsidies received by the Chinese wooden cabinet and vanity industry encourage exports
- The Chinese industry has large amounts of available capacity, is adding capacity and can expand production
- Chinese imports undersell the domestic product consistently and by significant margins
- Competition with Chinese imports has harmed and discouraged investments in new equipment and technology by the domestic industry



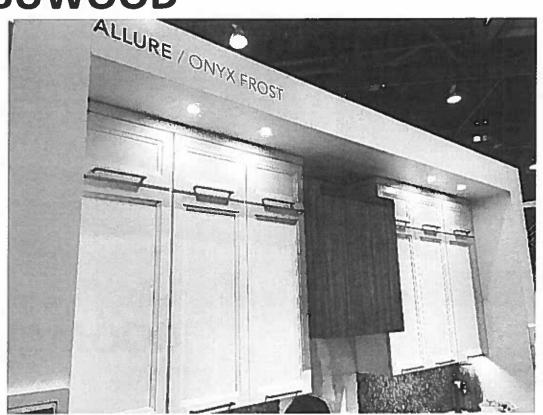
#### **FABUWOOD**







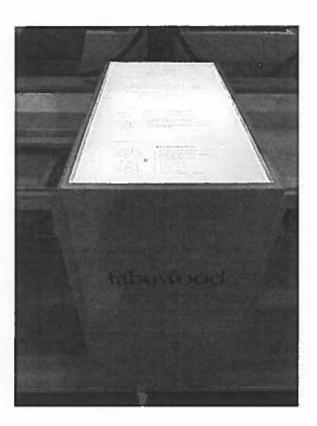
#### **FABUWOOD**





#### **FABUWOOD**







#### **PANDA**







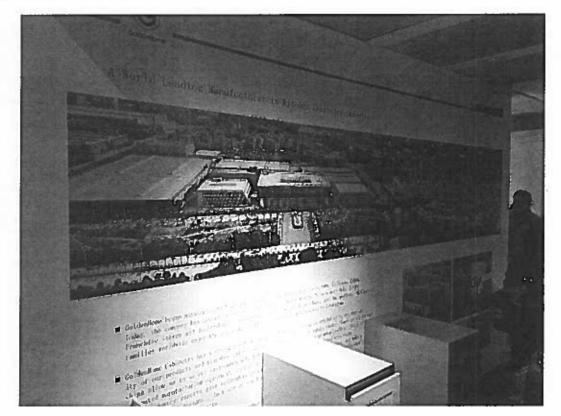
#### **PANDA**







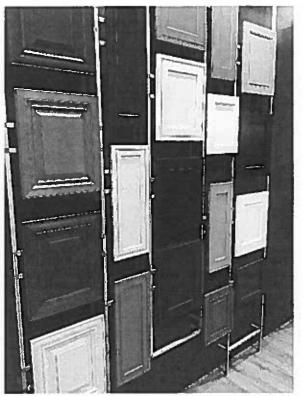
### **GOLDENHOME**





#### **GOLDENHOME**



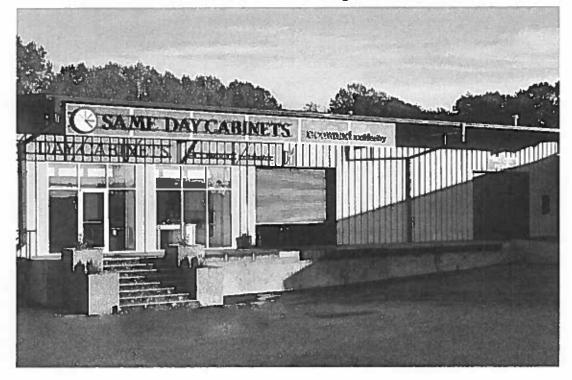






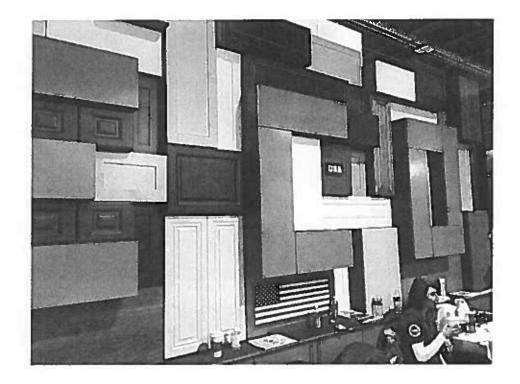


### SAME DAY CABINETS / ECO WOOD





## SAME DAY CABINETS/ECO WOOD





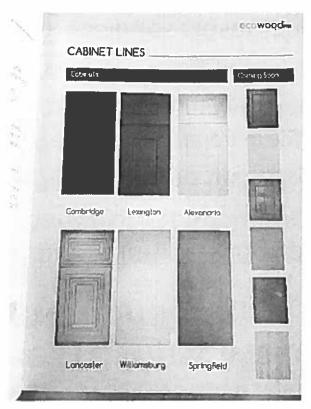
## SAME DAY CABINETS/ECO WOOD







### SAME DAY CABINETS/ECO WOOD







# The ITC Must Make an Affirmative Preliminary Determination

- Chinese imports took at least five percentage points of market share from U.S. producers
- While demand increased:
  - Capacity utilization <u>dropped</u>
  - Operating profit <u>dropped</u>
  - Net income dropped
- U.S. facilities closed and experienced prolonged shutdowns
- U.S. producers went out of business
- Planned expansions were cancelled
- Returns on investments were harmed

